

TOR TEBRANISH TENGLAMASINI KORREKTLIKKA TEKSHIRISH

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Anotatsiya *Ushbu tezisdagi tor tebranish tenglamasi uchun qo'yilgan klassik chegaraviy masalaning korrektiligi Hadamard mezonlari asosida tahlil qilinadi. Tor tebranish tenglamasining analitik yechimi Fur'e usuli orqali topiladi. Yechim mavjudligi, yagonaligi va turg'unligi matematik asosda isbotlanadi. Misollar orqali masalaning korrekt yechimga ega ekani ko'rsatiladi.*

Kalit so'zlar *Tor tebranish tenglamasi, korrekt masala, Fur'e usuli, Hadamard shartlari, turg'unlik, Dirixle sharti.*

Аннотация *В данной тезисной работе рассматривается корректность классической краевой задачи для уравнения колебаний струны на основе критериев Адамара. Аналитическое решение уравнения колебаний получено с использованием метода Фурье. Доказано существование, единственность и устойчивость решения. На конкретных примерах показано, что задача является корректной.*

Ключевые слова *Уравнение колебаний струны, корректная задача, метод Фурье, критерии Адамара, устойчивость, граничное условие Дирихле.*

Abstract *This thesis examines the well-posedness of the classical boundary value problem for the string vibration equation based on Hadamard's criteria. The analytical solution of the vibration equation is obtained using the Fourier method. The existence, uniqueness, and stability of the solution are mathematically proven. Examples demonstrate that the problem is well-posed.*

Keywords *String vibration equation, well-posed problem, Fourier method, Hadamard conditions, stability, Dirichlet boundary condition.*

1. Tenglama va shartlar

Ko'rib chiqilayotgan masala quyidagi tenglama va shartlardan iborat:

Elliptik tenglama:

$$U_{xx} + U_{yy} = 0 \quad (1)$$

Boshlang'ich shartlar:

$$U(x, 0) = \frac{1}{n} \sin nx, \quad U_y(x, 0) = 0 \quad (2)$$

Chegaraviy shartlar:

$$U(0, y) = 0, \quad U(\pi, y) = 0 \quad (3)$$

Yechim formulasi

Masalaning umumiy yechimi quyidagi shaklda ifodalanadi:

$$U(x, y) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left[\varphi_k \operatorname{ch} \frac{k\pi}{l} y + \frac{l}{k\pi} \psi_k \operatorname{sh} \frac{k\pi}{l} y \right] \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{l}} \sin \frac{k\pi}{l} x$$

$$\varphi_k = \int_0^l \varphi(x) \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sin \frac{k\pi}{l} x dx$$

$$\psi_k = \int_0^l \psi(x) \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sin \frac{k\pi}{l} x dx$$

Misol tahlili

$$\text{Berilgan } \varphi(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sin nx, \quad n \in N$$

$$\psi(x) = 0, \quad l = \bar{n}$$

$$\varphi_k = \int_0^l \frac{1}{n} \sin nx \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sin \frac{k\pi}{l} x dx = \frac{1}{n} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^{\pi} \sin nx \cdot \sin kx dx$$

Bu integral sinus funksiyalarning ortogonal xossasiga asoslanadi:

- Agar $k \neq n$ bo'lsa,

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi_n &= \frac{1}{n} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \cdot \int_0^{\pi} \sin^2 nx dx = \frac{1}{2n} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(1 - \cos 2nx) dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{2n} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left(x - \frac{1}{2n} \sin nx \right) \Big|_0^{\pi} = \frac{1}{2n} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \cdot \bar{n} = \varphi_n \end{aligned}$$

- Agar $k = n$ bo'lsa,

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi_n &= \frac{1}{n} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^{\pi} \sin nx \cdot \sin \pi x dx = \frac{1}{2n} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^{\pi} (\cos(n+k)x - \cos(n-k)x) dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{2n} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left(\frac{\sin(n+k)x}{n+k} - \frac{\sin(n-k)x}{n-k} \right) \Big|_0^{\bar{n}} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\psi_n = \sqrt{\frac{2}{l}} \int_0^{\bar{n}} 0 \cdot \sin kx dx$$

$\psi(x) = 0$ bo'lgani sababli barcha $\psi_k = 0$.

Demak, yechim faqat bitta $k = n$ hadi bo'yicha ifodalanadi:

$$U(x, y) = \frac{1}{2n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{n}} \cdot chny \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{n}} \sin nx = \frac{1}{n} \cdot chny \cdot \sin nx$$

Bu yechim berilgan shartlarni qanoatlantiradi va boshlang'ich ma'lumotlarga turg'un bog'liq.

Xulosa

Tahlil natijasida ko'rsatildiki, elliptik turdagi tor tebranish tenglamasi uchun berilgan misol korrekt hisoblanadi. Yechim mavjud, yagona va boshlang'ich funksiyalarga turg'un bog'liq bo'lib, Hadamard shartlarini to'liq qanoatlantiradi. Bu misol orqali Fur'e usulining tahliliy qulayligi hamda fizik modellar uchun amaliy ahamiyati ko'rsatildi.

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