

THE IMPORTANCE OF EDUCATION IN THE FORMATION OF LEGAL THINKING IN YOUTH

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Abstract: *This article talks about the importance of education and upbringing in the formation of legal thinking among young people. The legal thinking of young people defines security measures in protecting the rights and freedoms of the society and the state. Also, the legal thinking of legal entities formed in young people, its content is stable at the next stages of personal development, strengthening the nature and direction of behavior. This is a very complex phenomenon with different forms of legal, socio-political and moral phenomena.*

Key words: *legal education, legal upbringing, legal thinking, education, training, minors, young characteristics of minors, legal democratic state, law creation, development prospects, law, decision.*

In describing the legal thinking of young people, the level of legal thinking formed in the environment of youth, as well as the behavior of the legal mind at the corresponding stage of psychological development, are of decisive importance. The concept of legal thinking has been of interest to many legal scholars and they have expressed their thoughts and opinions in this regard. For example, in the book Theory of State and Law published under the editorship of Kh.T. Odilqoriyev, "First of all, legal thinking is the ability of a person to think creatively about the surrounding legal reality by means of legal categories, and perform active mental analysis. The basis of legal thinking is true legal knowledge, a theoretical understanding of the tasks that are solved by legal means in society. Legal thinking is a mental process focused on the theoretical analysis of the law, social events, and reaching their essence [1].

I.A. Ilyin is a famous Russian scientist, philosopher and jurist, who in his works analyzed the phenomenon of legal thinking in detail, expressed its importance, and also put forward a number of theories for the development of society. Ilyin noted: "A person with a sense of justice is a subject of free law; he has the will of loyalty (obedience to the law), he knows how to observe his own and other people's rights, duties and prohibitions; it is the living support of law and order, self-government, the army and the state".[2] V.A. Rybakov wrote: "Legal thinking means an assessment of the existing law, a critical attitude to it, and forms certain hopes and desires for the legal field and its changes."[3] "We can say that it is the highest form of legal thinking that a person observes the actions of his surroundings and/or his personal activities and gives them a conscientious and objective legal assessment" [4]. The formation of legal thinking of the





considered socio-demographic group has its own socio-psychological characteristics, which depend on age characteristics, socio-economic and socio-political situation, as well as the uniqueness of the spiritual world of young people. liq. The issue of age limits for this category of citizens is controversial. The period of youth covers age limits from 23 to 28-30 years. At the same time, it should be taken into account that in practice the age limits are more relative and may change depending on the achievement of a certain social status. contradictions, disbelief in the rule of law - all this weakens the legal thinking of young people and affects its formation, causes negative mental disorders. Deformation of legal thinking of young people is the result of mistakes and shortcomings in the legal education of the young generation.

In today's global world, in order to prevent the formation of the above negative aspects in the minds of our youth, we must pay special attention to legal education. Legal education today is an integral part of the spiritual and intellectual development of any person in modern society. Legal education is an integral part of the ideological function of any modern state, because any government is interested in law-abiding citizens. Connecting legal education with legal education, researchers, first of all, believe that the law should be taught to all citizens, and especially to the younger generation. emphasize the educational effect on the formation, development and strengthening of legal thinking, because minors are at the stage of development. The importance of legal education is great in understanding the conformity or non-conformity with the rules of behavior of the actions of forming the habits of acting in accordance with the established norms. "The necessary conditions for the educational effect of the law are that it includes the will and interests of the whole society, not the individual; is based on universally recognized principles of humanity and justice; contributes to the development of democracy; ensures the equality of all citizens of the society, excluding discrimination on any basis; combines individual and community interests; eliminates the separation of rights from the obligations of citizens; it helps to develop freedom of law, pluralism of opinions, etc. [5]. Therefore, at the current stage of development of our country, I think that legal education for minors should have the following goals;

firstly, to ensure that teenagers get solid knowledge about legal documents, rights and duties of citizens and, first of all, norms directly related to life;

secondly, increasing the prestige of the rights of minors as a social value, building respect for it;

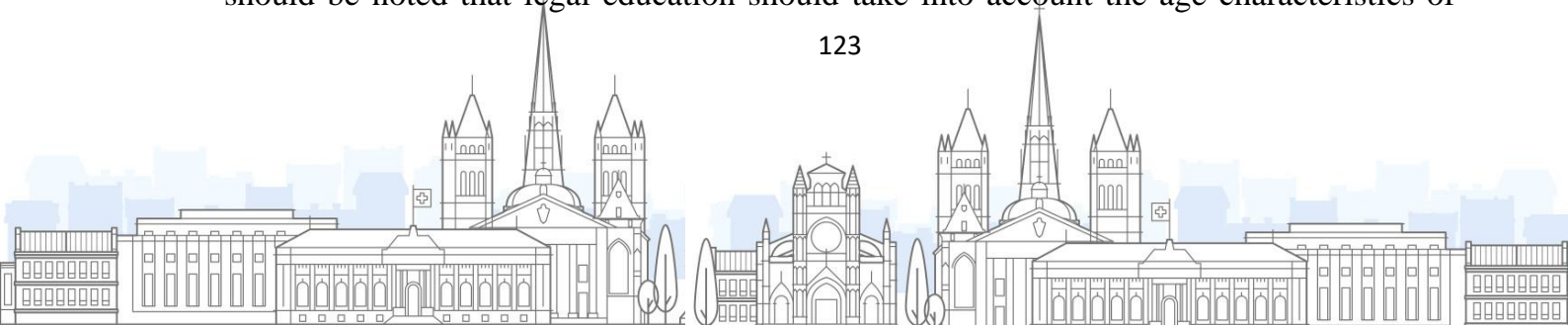
thirdly, to form a stable positive view of legal behavior in minors, to form positive habits of a law-abiding citizen, to create an atmosphere of displeasure and intolerance to all negative situations of law-breaking and violations. In scientific legal literature, the approach to the essence of legal education is much broader than in other educational literature.



Researchers do not deny that legal education is a multifaceted, purposeful, organized and controlled process, focused on the influence of consciousness and human psychology. In this regard, it includes various legal forms, methods and tools for the formation of the need for legal behavior. As a logical continuation of our opinion, I found it permissible to quote the following comments from the article of F.A. Satvoldiyev, a teacher of Namangan State University. "Knowledge of the laws is formed through legal education, and in order to comply with them, legal thinking is formed through legal education. As a result, legal culture is achieved." [6]. With this opinion, the researcher expressed in short lines that education and upbringing are of great importance in the formation of legal thinking. O.A. Vorobieva suggests considering legal education from two aspects. The first is the legal education conducted in the educational institutions that we mentioned above. If we try to explain the second aspect of legal education in a narrow sense, it is, first of all, the purposeful activity of state bodies and public organizations that are involved in the formation of the legal culture of citizens and are interested in law-abiding citizens. Of course, in the formation of legal thinking, it is of great importance that the state and public organizations effectively carry out various propaganda and propaganda activities. According to N.B. Muhammadyev, if we want to get a positive result from legal education, then all the components of the legal process should be "in the dialectic of the educational process, because experience shows that a person not only as an object of legal education, but can also act as a subject. Because it is the individual who "distinguishes himself from others with his humanitarian social views in the process of life activity. Successful progress towards a democratic society implies an increase in the creative activity of an individual, self-education, and the desire of all people to improve themselves". [7].

Legal education is the internal moral and legal state of a minor at the time of making a decision about how to act in a certain situation as a person. In such a situation, he (minor citizen) shows the level of his legal consciousness and the level of legal culture, i.e. evaluates legal or illegal actions based on his own thinking. A legal education degree shows more than just knowledge of the law and their understanding and willingness to follow it.

The level of legal education is determined by the level of formation of the attitude to the law and the democratic values of the modern society. Thus, legal education includes the following - knowledge of the law (a minor knows about the norms and rules of behavior); legal beliefs (persuasion to comply with these rules); actual legal behavior a minor embodies legal knowledge in legal behavior. Legal education, in our opinion, is an addition to legal education, which is carried out on the basis of a predetermined schedule and plan, and also includes monitoring the acquisition of educational material. And it should be noted that legal education should take into account the age characteristics of



the audience. Legal education should start from the family, a child should receive the first legal knowledge from his parents. Legal education in an educational institution should start from the lower grades. After young people enter higher education, special attention should be paid to legal education. It is in today's globalization process that young people are at the stage of choosing their own life path, and certain views on life, value orientations, etc. are consciously formed. A distinctive feature of legal education of minors is to acquaint them with the knowledge of the country in which we live, the laws of this country, and to form a stable positive attitude towards legal behavior in them. In the legal education of minors and young people, their age characteristics should be taken into account, the reason for this is that their spiritual and physical development has not yet been completed. It should be remembered that they are at the stage of formation of their worldview, moral values, beliefs and ideals, and these things also form a value assessment system in them. Taking into account the above, a special methodical approach and attention is needed to form the legal thinking of young people. Thus, the legal education of minors is a systematic, targeted influence on the behavior and mind of adolescents, taking into account their individual and age characteristics, to form certain legal attitudes and values that provide him with legal behavior and active citizenship. is to make a secret. Legal education serves to form high legal awareness and legal culture among minors.

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