



MODERN PROBLEMS IN EDUCATION AND THEIR SCIENTIFIC SOLUTIONS

YOSHLARNI HARBIY-VATANPARVARLIK RUHIDA
TARBIYALASHNING USULLARI VA IMKONIYATLARI

Botirov Uchqun Vafoqulovich

*Nizomiy nomidagi O'zbekiston milliy pedagogika universiteti
Harbiy ta'lim fakulteti umumqo'shin tayyorgarlik sikl o'qituvchisi*

Toshboltayev Avazbek Dilshod o'g'li

Harbiy ta'lim fakulteti talabasi

Xayrullayev Ubaydulla Xamidulla o'g'li

Harbiy ta'lim fakulteti talabasi

Annotatsiya: *Ushbu maqolada yoshlarni harbiy-vatanparvarlik ruhida tarbiyalash usullari, harbiy vatanparvarlik yo'nalishida dastlabki tasavvurlarni shakllantirishning maqsad va vazifalari tahlil etilganligi bilan ahamiyatli.*

Kalit so'zlar: *ta'lim, intellectual, ma'naviy, ta'lim muassasalari, harbiy-vatanparvarlik, kasb-hunar, Qurolli Kuchlar.*

МЕТОДЫ И ВОЗМОЖНОСТИ ВОЕННОГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ
МОЛОДЕЖИ В ВОЕННО-ПАТРИОТИЧЕСКОМ ДУХЕ

Батиров Учкун Вафокулович

*Узбекский национальный педагогический университет имени Низами
Преподаватель общего цикла подготовки армии факультета военного
образования*

Ташболтаев Авазбек Дилшод оглу

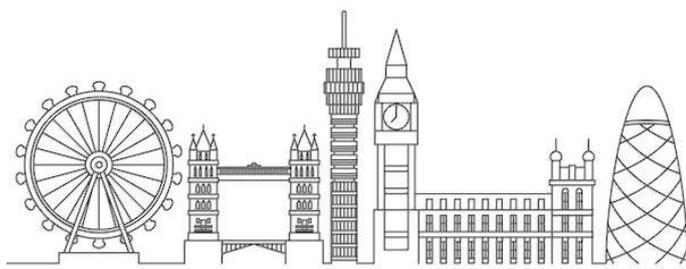
Студент факультета военного образования

Хайруллаев Убайдулла Хамидулла оглу

Студент факультета военного образования

Аннотация: *данная статья знаменательна тем, что в ней анализируются методы воспитания молодежи в военно-патриотическом духе, цели и задачи формирования первоначальных представлений о направлении военного патриотизма.*

Ключевые слова: *образовательные, интеллектуальные, духовные, учебные заведения, военно-патриотические, профессиональные, вооруженные силы.*





METHODS AND POSSIBILITIES OF EDUCATING YOUTH IN A MILITARY-PATRIOTIC SPIRIT

Batirov Uchkun Vafoqulovich

Uzbek National Pedagogical University named after Nizami

Teacher of the general army training cycle of the Faculty of Military Education

Tashboltayev Avazbek Dilshod oglu

Student of the Faculty of Military Education

Khairullayev Ubaydulla Hamidulla oglu

Student of the Faculty of Military Education

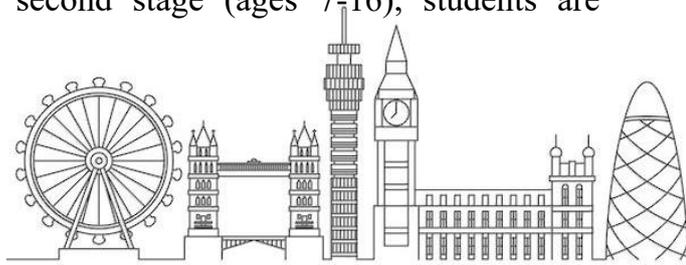
Annotation: *this article is significant in that the methods of educating young people in the spirit of military-patriotic, the goals and objectives of the formation of initial visions in the direction of military patriotism are analyzed.*

Keywords: *educational, intellectual, spiritual, educational institutions, military-patriotic, professional, Armed Forces.*

The Concept “Improving the Efficiency of Military-Patriotic Education of Youth in 2023-2027” was adopted as an appendix to the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 267 dated July 29, 2023 “On Measures to Increase the Efficiency of Military-Patriotic Education of Youth in 2023-2027” [1]. The state organizes the process of educating the younger generation in the family, in preschool education, general secondary education, vocational education and higher education institutions, during military service, as well as within the framework of citizen self-government bodies, various state and non-governmental non-profit organizations.

The work of educating young people in the spirit of military-patriotic spirit is carried out in the following four stages: the first stage (ages 3-7) is considered the stage when initial ideas about the world around them and the Motherland emerge, and it includes teaching children various poems, melodies and songs in the family and preschool institutions, showing cartoons and various games, understanding the world through drawing pictures, and familiarizing them with state symbols (flag, coat of arms, anthem) to form love for the motherland [2].

At this stage, the main attention is paid to the following: telling fairy tales and stories in order to form initial ideas in the direction of military patriotism; memorizing poems and songs on topics related to love for the Motherland, the fact that defending the Motherland is a sacred duty; organizing various competitions and contests to expand children's imagination and strengthen their physical abilities, thereby motivating them spiritually; showing cartoons on military-patriotic themes and holding various games; organizing excursions to military museums and cultural and recreational parks related to the theme of military patriotism; [3] in the second stage (ages 7-16), students are





MODERN PROBLEMS IN EDUCATION AND THEIR SCIENTIFIC SOLUTIONS

encouraged to strengthen their love and loyalty to the Motherland, fulfill their filial duty to the motherland with great responsibility, further expand their positive thoughts about our Armed Forces, raise the prestige of military service, and form young people as physically healthy, spiritually mature, broad-minded, and independent-thinking individuals.[4]

At this stage: reading articles and fiction about the heroes of our time; organizing cultural and educational events, themed evenings and song contests in general secondary educational institutions in the military-patriotic direction, showing clips from performances; organizing essay competitions with the participation of young students on the topics "Young Patriots", "The fate of the country is my fate"; organizing sports competitions and events on topics such as "Followers of Temurbek" at health camps; showing and discussing feature and documentary films and cartoons on the topic of military-patriotic issues;[5] holding meetings with our compatriots who have received the "Mard o'glon" state award, and widely promoting their achievements and results among young people; Particular importance will be attached to the gradual organization of the "Temurbek Successors" military-sports games with the participation of senior students of general secondary schools; the third stage (16-18 years old) will be aimed at ensuring the spiritual and physical readiness of young people to serve the Motherland and its defense [6].

In addition to the above tasks, attention is paid to the following issues: preparing young people for military service, forming their independent thinking and positive views on military service, and strengthening their sense of patriotism; organizing various meaningful and interesting events in cooperation with defense departments and military units, self-government bodies, state and public organizations in order to enrich the theoretical and practical knowledge and skills of young people; providing detailed information about the need for physically strong and spiritually mature young people for our national army, the importance of military service, and the reforms being carried out in the Armed Forces; the fourth stage (18-30 years old) involves improving the physical and spiritual abilities, leadership skills, and intellectual potential of young people, as well as their general and professional qualifications, encouraging them to work on themselves regularly, lead a healthy lifestyle, and achieve this.[7]

According to the requirements outlined above, it is necessary to pay attention to the following aspects:

Further enriching the imagination and knowledge of the importance of educating the younger generation as comprehensively mature, intellectually and spiritually capable people, loyal to their parents and the Motherland;

Always being ready to defend the Motherland and being proud of the young people serving in the Armed Forces, forming a sense of loyalty to constitutional duty and the military oath;





MODERN PROBLEMS IN EDUCATION AND THEIR SCIENTIFIC SOLUTIONS

Adapting to the conditions of military service and mastering military specialties, being ready for any difficulties, strengthening the qualities of fortitude and courage, developing skills in the preservation of weapons, military equipment, state and military property;[8]

to form such qualities as regular improvement of combat training and military skills, mutual assistance and appreciation of friendly relations established in the military team;

to closely assist young people in mastering their chosen profession and becoming qualified specialists;

to widely promote reading, to instill in the minds of young people the role and importance of works of art in establishing high spirituality in society;

to strengthen critical thinking and ideological immunity against foreign ideas that contradict our national ideology, feelings of self-confidence, vigilance and awareness;

to form in young people an active life position and the ability to clearly express their independent opinions, a sense of responsibility, adherence to strict order and discipline, and to teach them to be determined.

Conclusion An important condition for determining the level of effectiveness in military-patriotic education is to systematically take into account and analyze factors that positively affect the further development and improvement of such qualities in young people as patriotism, military duty, and loyalty to combat traditions in real situations.

LIST OF REFERENCES

1. Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated July 29, 2023 No. 267 “On measures to increase the effectiveness of the work on educating young people in the spirit of military patriotism”.

2. Erkayev A. Spirituality is the symbol of the nation.- T.: Spirituality, 1997. p. 188

3. Oripov A. Necessary child.- T.: Young Guard, 1988.- p. 100.

4. Qarayeva B. Education of moral beliefs in high school students based on the works of Zahiriddin Muhammad Babur. Dissertation. Nizami State Technical University.- T., 1999.- p. 20.

