



# SCIENTIFIC VIEW ON IMPROVEMENT OF MULTI-STAGE ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF CUSTOMS PROCEDURES

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**Abstract:** This article highlights the scientific views of international and domestic scientists and their significance on the topic of improving the multi-level economic analysis of customs duties in foreign economic activity and their effective implementation in practice.

**Key words:** foreign economic activity, foreign trade, World Trade Organization, World Customs Organization, customs duties, economic analysis.

The implementation of standards and recommendations of the World Trade Organization, the World Customs Organization and other international organizations into national legislation requires the improvement of customs administration and the simplification of customs procedures.

The criteria for the formation and analysis of financial information in organizing the activities of customs authorities have been developed by international organizations, with special attention paid to improving the management system of customs authorities based on the requirements of these authorities. criteria. At the 215th and 216th sessions of the Permanent Technical Committee of the World Customs Organization, 2017 was named "Data Analysis" in the development strategy of the World Customs Organization, and the effectiveness of data analysis and economic analysis was one of the main priorities of the development strategy for the first decade and their methodology, improving customs procedures through big data analysis in customs authorities, systematic analysis and their effective methods.

In the Customs Business Partnership (CBP) Guide, the Global Customs Organization examines success factors, key benefits for business and government, and four stages of developing effective Customs Business Partnerships internationally, including:

Strategic and overview planning;

Development of cooperation strategies;

Execution;

Monitoring and institutionalization.

Effective systematic economic analysis is important for improving customs procedures.

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Reforming customs administration, further improving the activities of customs authorities and increasing their efficiency, forming a "digital customs", which is a logical continuation and development of "paperless and electronic customs", as well as introducing generally recognized international norms and standards in the field of customs work into national legislation and customs authorities. Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated June 5, 2020 No. 6005 "On reforming customs management and improving the activities of the state customs service of the Republic of Uzbekistan". Uzbekistan" was approved in order to accelerate the development of systems analysis methods for effective analysis of the activities of the Republic of Uzbekistan. According to this Decree, the Concept of reforming customs management and improving the efficiency of the state customs service of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2020-2023 was developed.

The concept became the basis for the development of programs and a set of measures aimed at the development of customs authorities, defining the goals, priority areas and main directions of their development.

Analysis plays an important role in preparing information for planning and forecasting the results of activities, in assessing the quality and validity of financial indicators, checking their implementation and objective assessment. Since we are talking about this, it is advisable to clarify the concept of economic analysis in the activities of customs authorities.

International conventions, in particular Section 6 of the new version of the Kyoto Convention of the World Customs Organization (Revised Kyoto Convention), contain recommendations on customs control and analysis of the activities of customs authorities.

According to these recommendations, a systematic analysis of goods moving across customs borders will have a positive impact on the economic integration of countries, and as a result of the analysis of goods, well-founded proposals and forecasts will be developed.

Evaluation of the WTO activities, development of its regulatory framework and factor analysis of its impact on the state of the economy of developed and developing countries and analysis of customs duties in foreign economic activity Povelin J., Tabb V.K., Culbertson J.M., Deckers V., Van J.K. within the framework of scientific work of foreign scientists.

The procedure of customs payments and its optimization as an object of research generally correspond to scientific directions, including theories of analysis. The characteristics and classification of customs payments are carried out on the basis of the peculiarities of their collection when declaring a customs declaration and customs procedures, assessing the risk of non-payment, analyzing the structure and dynamics of customs payments. and the connection with "traditional" accompanying indicators. These directions are widely covered in the results of scientific research by S. V. Begutova (Fedorova), R. K. Aminova, E. V. Fedina, I. P. Kilina and other scientists.









According to G. V. Savitskaya, "economic analysis is a scientific method of understanding the essence of economic phenomena and processes, based on dividing them into components and studying the diversity of connections and dependencies" [3].

Among several works devoted to the problems of direct analysis in the activities of customs authorities, O. It is necessary to pay special attention to the research works of P. Matveeva, aimed at examining various issues related to customs payments. In these works, the analysis is aimed at defining the conceptual apparatus of customs payments, determining the trends in their collection based on models, a general assessment of the management of customs payments, their justification and calculation algorithm for various goods, as well as an assessment of the implementation of the customs payment system. plan for collecting customs payments.

In the 1930s, the analysis of the activities of customs authorities in foreign economic activity in Central Asia was carried out in only two stages:

- weight of export and import goods;
- the value of exported and imported goods.

The absence of an analysis of customs payments in the analysis carried out by customs authorities has a negative impact on the full disclosure of the economic efficiency and performance indicators of customs authorities, as well as on improving economic efficiency.

Following the recommendations aimed at improving the fiscal function of customs authorities and optimizing customs payments in the new version of the Kyoto Convention, countries are conducting their own studies to analyze customs payments in foreign economic activity.

In Table 1 below, you can consider the matrix of the position of the economic analysis of customs payments in the general typology of their types, taking into account territorial segments (for example):

Region level	On topic	Periodic ally	By compositio	By teaching	By mechanica	By hindustrial	By research
Interstate macro level	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Macro level of the state	+	-	+	-	+	+	+
Meso-level regions	+	-	-	-	+	+	+
Meso level of regions	-	+	-	-	-	-	-

Using special customs statistics as an empirical basis (specific to the macro level of the state) and reporting at the meso level of the region (databases of individual customs and declarations of goods), it is possible to assess the increase or decrease in customs duties. fees and reasons, indicators related to them (including at the interstate macro level), serves to analyze the efficiency of customs authorities and the adequacy of their rating. In









addition, foreign economic operations and relations carried out in connection with this by economic entities participating in foreign economic activity can be directed to different segments of relationships.

Consequently, these relations can be implemented through mutual agreements with various external structures and institutions, which can act as segments of external interaction in which customs authorities have a special place.

In conclusion, when systematizing existing approaches to types of economic analysis, the content of the proposed new feature is revealed, which demonstrates the possibility of expanding the subject of analysis to the interaction of economic entities - by segments of external interaction, which allows us to analyze customs duties that go beyond the enterprises and allows us to interpret them as a special type of economic analysis that requires accounting and analytical activities, the results of which describe the interaction of participants in the customs control process and serve as a basis for making appropriate decisions.

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