

STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT OF THE SCIENCE OF SOCIOLINGUISTICS AND HIS DUTIES

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Abstract: *This article highlights the specific features of the development stages of sociolinguistics. Information is provided about the purpose and mission of foreign sociologists. Also, concepts related to language and language policy are explained in detail.*

Key words: *Sociolinguistics, society, linguistic person, European countries, independent language, standard languages, stages of development.*

Language and society are inextricably linked. As the society develops, so does the language will continue. The history of language is as old as the history of mankind goes back. The science of sociolinguistics is the relationship between language and society learns. Language is related to other fields, including philosophy, ethnography. The science of sociolinguistics is also used in the study of such aspects as psychology.

All development stages of sociolinguistics are the object of this science. The changes and events happening in the society of a person directly shows that it is related to observation. These observations are quite large and wide, and no process in social life is beyond the human eye does not remain and arises in the human process. Therefore each in the field, the means of bringing a person to the level of a linguistic personality is unique to the language itself. The appearance of the task is manifested directly in the society. This particularity is exactly it is expressed in the process of interaction and information exchange.

Sociolinguistics of language and thinking, language in the process of information exchange deals with issues such as functional aspects. In addition, sociolinguistics is limited to the understanding of the nature of language phenomena. Solve cultural-educational, economic-political issues in our society is inextricably linked with achievement. So, the development of sociolinguistics and development depends on all aspects.

Sociolinguistics of the world linguistics in the 60s of the 20th century became one of the leading industries, and by the 1980s it was one of the advanced industries became one. Years later by sociologists because there is a need to learn the language among the social phenomena of the society this science came into being and began its period of development. of sociolinguistics development first in European and American countries and then in other countries we can see that it has developed rapidly in the countries. Also in countries such as USA, Great Britain, Spain, France linguists, in particular sociologists, the stages of development of this science and its they studied their tasks in detail and applied them based on the theories of science. Only in the USA, at the beginning of the development of this field, "communication potential", "communication

situation", "linguistic community" and other terms began to be explained. Name above if this subject was studied in the mentioned countries in the middle of the 20th century. In Uzbekistan, this period includes the 70s and 80s of this century.

The term "sociolinguistics" was first coined in 1952 by the American sociologist German Curry used. However, the science of the social nature of this language appeared in the early 1950s doesn't mean it was. The history of sociolinguistics goes back even further. of the 20th century famous Russian scientists of the first half I. A. Baudouin de Courtenay, E. D. Polivanov, L. P. Yakubinsky, V. M. Zhirmunsky, B. A. Larin, A. M. Selischev, G. O. Vinokur, French scientists F. Bruno, A. Maye, P. Lafargue, M. Cohen, Swiss scientists Sh. Bally and A. Seche, Belgian J. Current Sociolinguistics in Vandries, Czechoslovak B. Gavranek, A. Matesius et al a number of ideas are relevant.

Definitions of sociolinguistics given by scientists in different countries, in our opinion, attracts the attention of many people. In particular, one of the foreign scientists, David Kristel defines as follows: "Sociolinguistics studies the relationship between language and society. She is linguistic identity of social groups, social attitude to language, language standard and non-standard forms, laws and needs of using the national language, studies the social types and levels of language, the social foundations of bilingualism and multilingualism". Another source explains: "Sociolinguistics is an empirical science because it based on facts that can be seen in everyday life. Collect symptoms and It is also called a theoretical science. Sociolinguistics in different human situations tries to explain the ability to use the rules of the language correctly". Russian in one of the sources, "sociolinguistics describes the functions of language when a person is talking deals with identification. Spouse's name in a number of social groups not to use, in Japan interlocutors use each other's social class during the conversation conditionality, the fact that such a situation does not occur in Russian and English conversation belongs to the scope of sociolinguistics enters." Other Russian scientists [2,3] sociolinguistics people's age, gender, social language spoken based on status, level of education and character, level of culture. He emphasizes how he uses his symbols - uniformity or diversity emphasizes.

One of the main concepts of sociolinguistics is changes in language policy,

their place in social life, their role and their influence on the development of the language cannot be missed. All these phenomena are sociolinguistic studies increases its essence, a new approach to them, new methods of analysis requires application. According to the data collection process, Uzbek this new field of linguistics is now starting its development stage is on the verge. In this new direction that needs to be studied from a practical point of view many information have not yet found their solution in Uzbek language. Final conclusions and theories about the state language, literary language, standard languages not worked.

The main problem of sociolinguistics is between "language + society" is to study relationships. So the relationship between language and society .This connection between them is an integral part of their development.



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